FAULT-FINDING DEVICE



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Old Fault-Finding Device

- Wooden enclosure
- PLC siemens S5
- Conventional switches
- Plastic shields for the circuits
- 13 circuits and 13 possible errors
- Traditional fuses and supply





Why make a new one?

- 15 years old
- The measuring points
- Bad connections
- Safety
- Plastic stencils
- PLC program
- No labels in the wires
- Incomplete electric diagrams



New Fault-Finding Device

- Select the components
- Order the components
- Design the circuits
- Building the simulator
- Program the PLC and the TP
- Test and simulate



Select the components

- PLC Siemens S-7
- TP 177A
- PIT es 1.11 E-stop
- PSENmag 1.1 P20
- Safety relays PNOZ X2P
- Contactors LP4 K0610BW3
- Auxiliary relays C2-A20/24VDC
- Thermal overload relay LR2 K0306
- Circuit breaker DX 10 000A Curve C, DE 3000A

Select the components

- Power switch VBD-N12
- Start push buttons XB4-BA3311
- Stop push buttons XB4-BA4322
- Supply DR-SPS120W24V
- Safety Sockets SLB4-G
- Wire holders
- DIN rail
- Enclosure AE 1180/500
- Trespa plates

The PLC



- 14 inputs
- 40 outputs
- Features of the CPU's
- Price

The Safety relays

S. Severity of injury

S1 Slight (normally reversible) injury (i.e. cut or bruise)

S2 Serious (normally irreversible) injury

F. Frequency and/or exposure time to the hazard

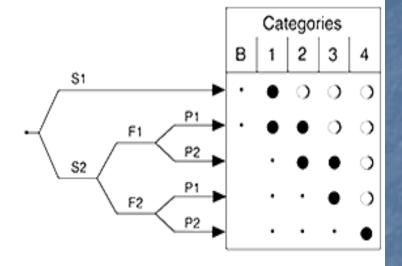
F1 Seldom to quite often F2 Frequent to continuous

P. Possibility of avoiding the hazard

(generally related to the speed and frequency with which the dangerous part moves and to the distance from the hazardous part)

P1 Possible under specific conditions P2 Scarcely possible

- Preferred category for reference points
- Possible categories which can require additional measures
- Preferred category for reference points



The Safety relays





Emergency Stop Relays, Safety Gate Monitors

- ▶ PNOZ e5.11p
- ▶ PNOZ e5.13p
- ▶ PNOZ X2P
- ▶ PNOZ X1
- ▶ PNOZ X7





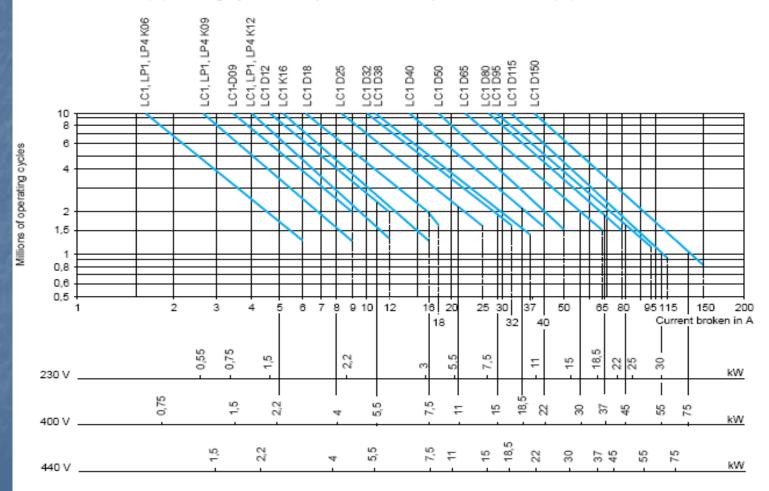


The Contactors

Selection according to required electrical durability, in category AC-3 (Ue ≤ 440 V)

Control of 3-phase asynchronous squirrel cage motors with breaking whilst running.

The current broken (Ic) in category AC-3 is equal to the rated operational current (Ie) of the motor.



Operational power in kW-50 Hz.

The Contactors

3-pole low consumption contactors Compatible with programmable controller outputs.																	
	ole with pr cator incol						•••FV	V3 and	LP4 ł	<	GW3).						
Wide range coil (0.71.30 Uc), suppressor fitted as standard, consumption 1.8 W.																	
Standard power ratings of 3-phase motors 50-60 Hz in category AC-3				Rated operational current in category AC-3 440 V			ta aı	Instan- taneous auxiliary contacts		Basic reference, to be completed by adding the voltage code (1) (2)						٧	Veight
220 V 230 V	380 V 415 V	440/5 660/6	500 V 590 V	up to		1	1 7										
kW	kW	kW		Α													ka
Screw clamp connections																	
1.5	2.2	3		6			1	_		LP4 K	0610	•					0.235
							_	1		LP4 K	0601•	•					0.235
2.2	4	4		9			1	_		LP4 K	0910	•					0.235
							_	1		LP4 K	0901•	•					0.235
3	5.5	4 (> 4	140)	12			1			LP4 K	1210	•					0.235
		5.5 (4	140)					1		LP4 K	1201•	•					0.235
(1) Standard control circuit voltages (for other voltages, please consult your Regional Sales Office):																	
d.c. supply (contactors LP1 K: 0.81.15 Uc)																	
Volts	12	20	24 (2)	36	48	60	72	100	110	125	155	174	200	220	230	240	250
Code	JD	ZD	BD	CD	ED	ND	SD	KD	FD	GD	PD	QD	LD	MD	MPD	MUD	UD
Coil with integral suppression device available: add 3 to the code required. Example: JD3																	
Low consumption (contactors LP4 K: 0.7130 Uc)																	
Volts		12 20		24		48		72		110		120					
Code	JW3		ZW3		BW3		EW3		SW3		FW3		GW3				
	P1 K only, t voltage c																control

The Supply

- DIN rail
- PLC
- Safety



- Uout = 24V DC
- lout = 5A
- Pout = 120W

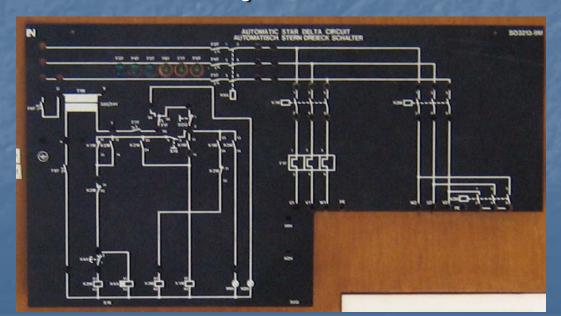
Ordering the components

- Breva
- Siemens
- Multi Contact
- B.A.G. Plastics nv

Design of the circuits

Old simulator circuits:

- 13 circuits in a soft plastic stencil
- Structure horizontal and vertical
- Symbols of the contacts, not professionals
- Transform symbol in the front.

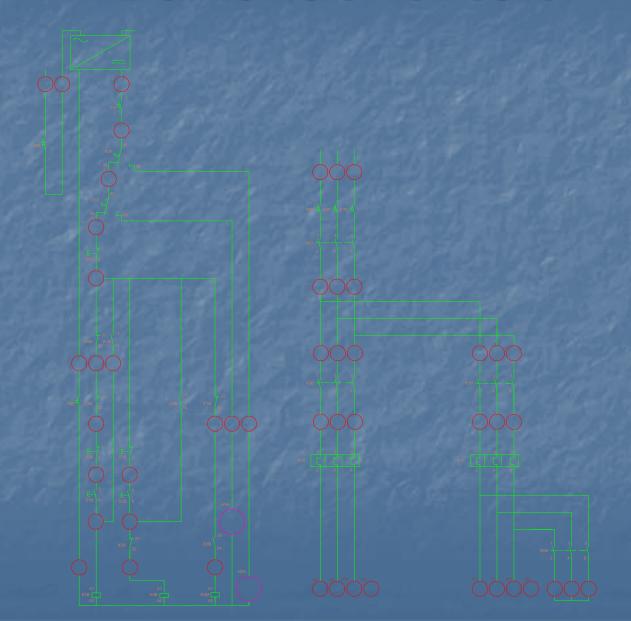


Design of the circuits

New simulator circuits:

- 5 circuits in a trespa stencil
- Structure totally vertical and orthogonal
- Regulated symbols
- Supply symbol in the front

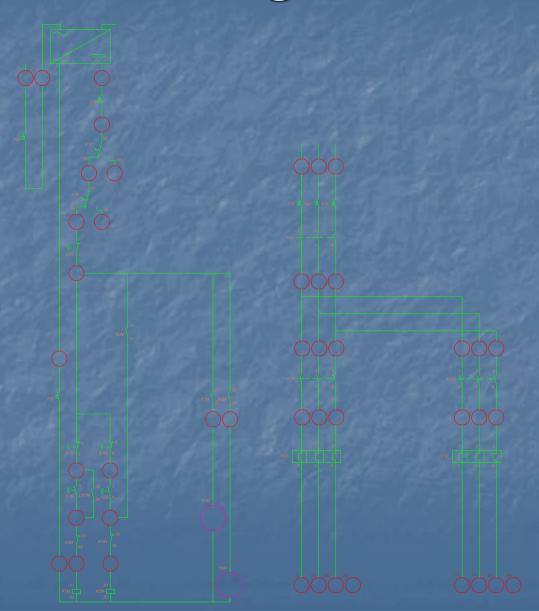
Dahlander circuit



Direct on/off switching



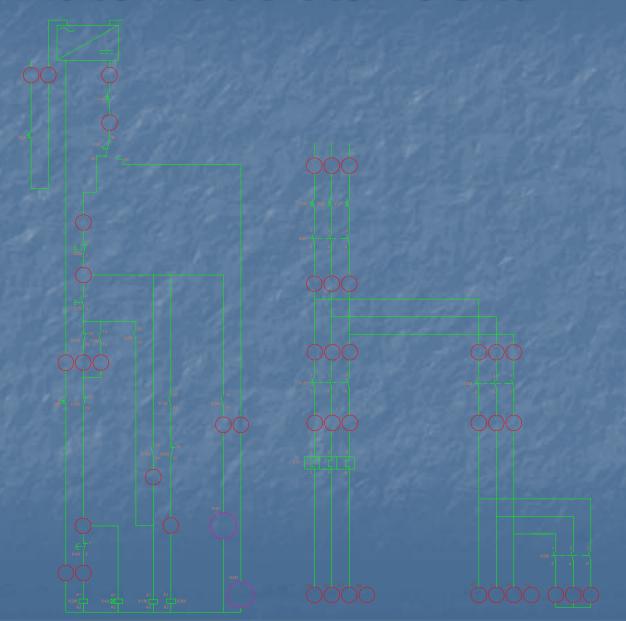
Pole change-over



Sequential circuit



Automatic star delta



Construction

- Mechanical
 - Construct the mounting plate
 - Hole the door and side of the enclosure
 - Mount the safety sockets, pushbuttons, E-Stop, Power switch,...
 - Design L-profile for the PSENmag
 - Mount the magnetic safety switch





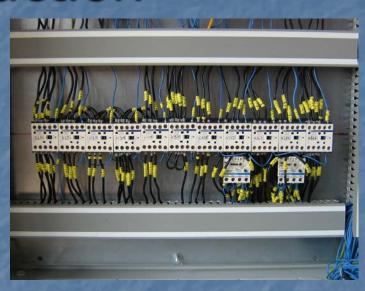


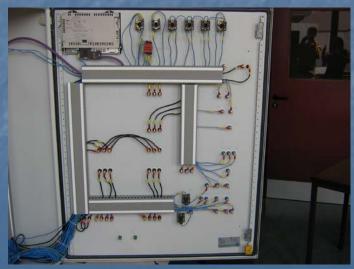
Construction

Electrical

- Wire the power circuit
- Wire the control circuit
- Wire the PLC







Program

- PLC program:
 - New program divided in 9 FC's:
 - FC1: Safety check

```
MO.0
                                                                      MO.1
"Start
               I0.5
                             I0.2
                                           I0.3
                                                        I0.4
                                                                   "Safety
button"
              "F1F96"
                           "F2F96"
                                                     "PSENmaq"
                                         "E-stop"
                                                                    merker"
                             00.0
                             "K1"
```

■ FC2: Circuit Selection

```
M0.2 FC3
"Circuit "Dahlander circuit" EN ENO
```

FC3, 4, 5, 6, 7: The different circuits

```
M0.1
"Safety M0.7 I1.0 Q1.0 M2.5
merker" "Error 1" "SOQNC" "K1M" "MMP 39"
```

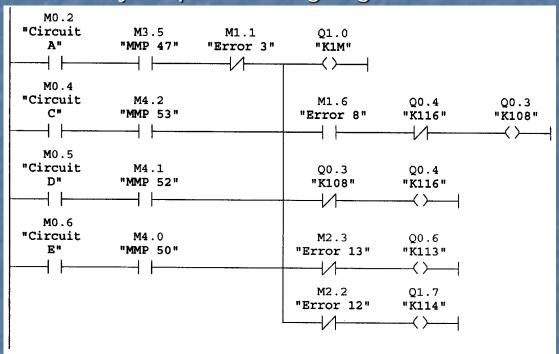
```
M3.2 M1.0 I1.3 M3.5

"MMP 44" "Error 2" "S1BNO" "MMP 47"

M2.5

"MMP 39"
```

FC8: Relay outputs and sign lights

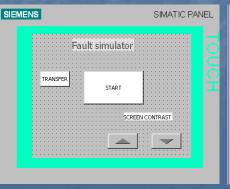


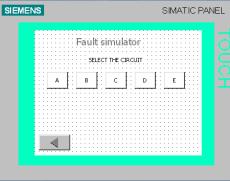
FC9: Outputs of the Measuring point

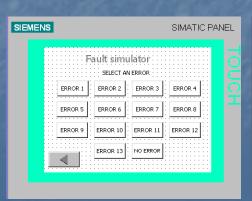


Program

- TP program:
 - WinCC program divided in 4 screens:
 - Screen n°1: Program start
 - Screen n°2: Circuit selection
 - Screen n°3: Error selection
 - Screen n°4: Information







Testing and simulating

- Test of the device:
 - Checking inside of the machine
 - Check all the safety components
 - Check all the connections.
- Simulation of the device:
 - Checking outside the machine
 - Check the Emergency Stop and the magnetic safety switch
 - Check the Push Buttons and the Touch Panel
 - Start the simulation

Conclusions

- Improvements compared with the old simulator:
 - Safety
 - More resistant enclosure
 - Stronger stencils
 - Stronger measuring point connections
 - Structured and more understandable PLC program
 - Updated systems
 - More comfortable working
 - Labelled wires

Conclusions

Usefulness of the Fault-Finding Device:

- Improve the knowledge
- Faster an more efficient reactions

Thank you for your attention

Dank U well